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Westminster, June 16.

HIS Majesty came this Day to the House of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes, seated on the Throne with the usual Solemnity, Sir Charles Dalton, Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers; the Commons being come thither accordingly, his Majesty was pleased to give the Royal Assent to,

An Act for establishing an Agreement with the Governor and Company of the Bank of England, for advancing the Sum of One Million six hundred thousand Pounds towards the Supply for the Service of the Year One thousand seven hundred and forty two.

An Act for granting to his Majesty the Sum of Eight hundred thousand Pounds, to be raised by Annuities, transferrable at the Bank of England; and for ascertaining the Customs and Duties upon Quicksilver, taken as Prize during the present War; and for the further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Session of Parliament.

An Act to exclude certain Officers from being Members of the House of Commons.

An Act to indemnify Persons who have omitted to qualify themselves for Offices, Employments, and Promotions within the Time limited by Law, and for allowing further Time for that Purpose.

An Act to impower the Justices of the Peace, of a Liberty or Corporation, to commit Offenders to the House of Correction of the County, Riding, or Division, in which such Liberty or Corporation is situate.

An Act to prevent the Counterfeiting of Gold and Silver Lace; and for settling and adjusting the Proportions of fine Silver and Silk; and for the better making of Gold and Silver Thread.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act passed in the seventh Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, for repairing the several Roads leading from the Town of Ledbury, in the County of Hereford, to the several Places therein mentioned; and for making the said Act more effectual.

An Act to explain and amend two Acts of Parliament, one made in the ninth Year of the Reign of her late Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, An Act for repairing the Highways from Sheet-bridge, in the Parish of Petersfield, to the Town of Portsmouth, in the County of Southampton; and another Act made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, for enlarging the Term in and by the said Act granted, and for other Purposes therein mentioned; and for enlarging the Term and Powers by the said last-mentioned Act granted.

An Act for enlarging the Term and Powers granted by an Act passed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the First, intituled, An Act for repairing the Roads leading from Cirencester Town's End to St. John's Bridge, in the County of Gloucester.

An Act for continuing the Powers granted by three several Acts of Parliament, one for repairing the Road from Stump Cross to Newmarket Heath, and the Town of Cambridge; another for repairing the Road from Foulmire to Cambridge; and the third for explaining, amending, and rendring more effectual the said two former Acts; and for enlarging the Terms granted by the said two former Acts.

An Act to render more effectual an Act made in the ninth and tenth Years of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, intituled, An Act for erecting Hospitals and Workhouses within the Town of Colchester, in the County of Essex, for the better employing and maintaining the Poor thereof.

An Act for securing to John Byrom, Master of Arts, the sole Right of publishing, for a certain Term of Years, the Art and Method of Short Hand invented by him.

And to Twenty-two Private Bills.

Naples, May 29, *N. S.* On the 16th Instant Count Stortiglione, Native of Piedmont, Colonel of the King's Army, and Aid de Camp of M. de Castropignano, arrived here from the Army in the Romagna on his Parole, in order to justify himself on the Suspicion laid to his Charge of having a private Intelligence with the Sardinian Ministers, prejudicial to the Interest of Spain. On the 24th their Majesties came to the City from Portici, to assist at the Function of Corpus Christi; after which they return to Portici, where they propose to remain till the Middle of June.

Rome, June 2. Cardinal Borghese, 'tis said, is to perform the Function of the Embassy Extraordinary of the new Emperor in lieu of Cardinal Tencin, on account of his Journey to France.

Florence, June 10. On the 29th past the Spanish and Neapolitan Troops decamped from the Prati della Samoggia, and are posted, the Right Wing at Castel Franco, near the River Muzza, and the Left at Piumazzo, where they are fortifying

lying themſelves, extending about four Miles to the Confines of St. Ceſareo, where M. de Montemar has his Head Quarters. Frequent Skirmiſhes happen between the Picketts of Michelets and Huſſars. A Party of 50 of the latter made an Incurſion under the Walls of Bologna, ſeized the Baggages of a Spaniſh and Neapolitan Officer, and made Priſoner the chief Enginier of the Spaniards; in Conſequence of which, M. de Montemar, to ſecure the Road from that City to the Panaro, and the Supply of Forages to his Army, has order'd a Detachment of 500 Dragoons to patrole continually on that Road. They are in great want of Forage, for which the Country is put to great Diſtreſs. Several Tranſports with Wheat, &c. from Sicily and Ancona are lately arrived at the Foci del Po in the Adriatick Sea, for the Uſe of the Spaniſh Army. On the 2d Inſtant a Diſcovery was made of a Conſpiracy of about 150 of the Great Duke's Soldiers in Garriſon in theſe Fortreſſes, moſt of them Deſerters, who had agreed to deſert again in a Body to the Spaniſh Army. The Ring Leaders have been put to cloſe Confinement. On the 3d a Te Deum was ſung at the Church of the Annonziata, at which the Miniſters, Nobility, &c. were preſent; and in the Evening, as well as the following, there was the uſual Fire-works, &c. on Occaſion of the Delivery of the Queen of Hungary. On the 9th paſſed through here a Courier from Naples to Spain, by whom we learn, that the Spaniſh Troops were encamping in the Neighbourhood of Antibes, where Don Phillip likewiſe remained.

Villa Franca, June 7. Vice Admiral Mathews arrived this Day with the Namur, and two 80 Gun Ships, and two other 80 Gun Ships are hourly expected.

Vienna, June 12.

Relation of the taking of Piſeck, June 8, *N. S.*

The 6th, it being impoſſible to approach the French Army at Vodnian by reaſon of their advantageous Situation, and that they retired with great Precipitation in the Night-time towards Piſeck, the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia's Army, which for three Days had been without Tents or Baggage, and conſequently wanted ſome Reſt, ſtopp'd the 7th at the Camp of Vodnian, from whence they marched again the 8th, by Break of Day, in the ſame Order they came thither, viz. 19 Troops of Carabineers and Grenadiers, and 21 Troops of Grenadiers on Foot, formed the Vanguard, and the Remainder of the Army followed in four Columns as far as Keſtrzan, a Village near the River Watawa. Major General Count Nadaſti was ſent before with 600 Huſſars choſen out of ſeveral Regiments, and ſeveral Officers, and being arrived at Stiechna, they paſſed the ſaid River, and marched to Piſeck, which was but within a ſmall League. The Army arrived late at Stiechna and Keſtrzan, by reaſon it was a long March, and filled with Defilés. General Nadaſti having in his March kept on the Hills, ſaw all the Enemy's Army on the Road to Prague, which marched between Three and Four towards Cziſchova; whereupon General Nadaſti ordered a Body of Huſſars to follow them, which fell upon their Rear Guard, annoyed them very much, and took Abundance of Baggage. General Nadaſti being informed that the Enemy had left a Garriſon of 500 Men in Piſeck, he immediately ordered the Place to be inveſted on this Side the Watawa, and ſummoned it by a Trumpet, who having reported that the Garriſon refuſed to ſurrender to Huſſars, the General made them alight, and poſted them in Shallops that were without the Town, from whence they obliged the Enemy to quit the Stone Bridge. In the mean while Field Marſhal Baronay, Major-General Tripps, and Prince Eſterhazi, arrived with the Remainder of the Huſſars and the Waradins, Part of which they ſent in Purſuit of the Enemy's Army, which they followed as far as Cziſchova. On the other Hand, the Croates poſted themſelves ſo advantageouſly, that they immediately made themſelves Maſters of a fortified Gate, and obliged the Enemy to retire intirely into the Town. The Huſſars of the Body under the Command of Nadaſti having got on Horſeback upon the Bridge, entered the Town Sword in Hand, whilſt the Croats did the ſame on the other Side, and all the Garriſon, conſiſting of 500 Men, including one Lieutenant-Colonel and 40 Commiſſion'd Officers, were made Priſoners of War. The Huſſars and Croats were ſo furious, that their General Officers with Difficulty hindered them from maſſacring them all. They alſo got a vaſt Booty, as well from the Spoils of thoſe Officers, as of the Baggage which the Enemy's Army had left behind. We have not loſt one ſingle Man in all this Action. The Body of Huſſars of Baronay continually purſued the Enemy's Army, and took almoſt all their Baggage Waggons; ſo that their Army is now without any Equipage. What occaſioned the precipitate Retreat of the Enemy from Piſeck, ſeems, among other Things, to have been, General Tripps's having been already ſent before on the 7th to Vodnian, with 400 Huſſars and 300 Croats, with Orders to poſt himſelf on the Hills of Zelebow, and to make as great Fires as he could, and the Enemy having had Occaſion to ſend a Trumpet to our Army, Baronay was ordered to eſcort that Trumpet with his whole Body, which made the Enemy believe it was the Vanguard, and that our Army followed; ſo that being frightned by the Fire they had ſeen, they thought our whole Army followed them, whereas it was only the Body under the Command of Nadaſti. All the Generals, Officers, Huſſars and Croats, have greatly diſtinguiſhed themſelves by their Courage and good Conduct during the March. Our Army was hardly arrived at the Camp at Keſtrzan, but we were informed there were ſtill ſome French at Steckna, whereupon ſome Companies of Grenadiers were ſent thither, to whom 70 French immediately ſurrendred themſelves Priſoners. This Morning our Army marched from Keſtrzan, and arrived in the Evening at the Camp before Piſeck. We have already given Paſſports to 50 Deſerters, and they come in every Moment. A Patroll that was ſent after the Enemy juſt now reports, that they purſued them three German Miles; that they drew up in Order of Battle at Midnight, but that an Hour after they went off in ſuch Confuſion and Precipitation, that it was not poſſible to follow them any longer. We

were

were only told that they made their Flight directly to Prague; and we are ſince alſo informed, that the Enemy's Infantry is intirely diſperſed on the Road, and a Detachment has been ſent to carry off as many as can be met with. The Priſoners we have made hitherto from Piſeck, amount to above 1500 Men.

Copenhagen, June 19. Yeſterday a Fleet of Dutch Merchant-men, near an hundred Sail, paſſed by this Place for the Baltick, under the Convoy of three or four Men of War. This Morning the Guards and Grenadiers arrived from Holſtein, and the reſt of the Troops belonging to this Garriſon are expected here Tomorrow.

Dreſden, June 20. We have nothing from Bohemia, but that the Auſtrians draw nearer Prague, and have taken all the Poſts and Magazines behind them, and that the French may want Proviſions in the Town, ſo perhaps will capitulate ſooner than they would be otherwiſe obliged to do, for they are very advantageouſly poſted, and, it is ſaid, they have juſt received ſome of the Recruits they expected; but their Number is but inconſiderable, when compared with that of their Enemy.

Ghent, June 12, *O. S.* Yeſterday being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's Acceſſion to the Throne, all the Britiſh Troops put on their new Cloathing, and in the Afternoon were drawn out upon the Ramparts. By a particular Order from Count Harrach the Cannon in the Town and Caſtle began to fire at Seven in the Evening, and fired three Rounds of Forty-one each, which was anſwered by three running Fires from the Britiſh Troops. At Night the Governor and the Officers of Diſtinction were entertained at Supper by Major General Howard, and great Joy was expreſſed every where.

Dublin, June 11.

This Day being the Anniverſary of his Majeſty's happy Acceſſion to the Throne, the Great Guns were fired at the Barracks, and anſwered by Vollies from the Regiments in Garriſon, which were drawn out on Oxmantown Green. At Noon their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices met at the Caſtle, and received the Compliments of the Nobility and other Perſons of Diſtinction, and the Night concluded with Bonfires, Illuminations, and all other Demonſtrations of Joy.

St. James's, June 19.

His Grace the Duke of Grafton, Lord Chamberlain of his Majeſty's Houſhold, has appointed Dr. Edward Wilmot to be Phyſician in Ordinary to his Majeſty. And,

Dr. Benjamin Hoadley to be Phyſician in Ordinary to his Majeſty's Houſhold, in the room of Dr. George Lewis Teſſier deceaſed.

The Committee for Letting the City's Lands in the Account of the Chamberlain of the City of London, give Notice, That they intend to Lett by ſeveral Leaſes the following Lots, viz. No 1. *One large Meſſuage or Tenement at the upper End of the Vine Yard in the Minories, late in the Occupation of Mr. Mathew Barwell. No* 2. *Four Meſſuages or Tenements in the ſaid Vine Yard, with a Coach Houſe and Stable, late in the ſeveral Occupations of Mr. Mendez Alvarez, Mr. John Heald, Mr. Peter Croſs, and Mr. Mathew Barwell. No* 3. *One Meſſuage or Tenement and Part of a Wharf near Puddle Dock, known by the Name of the Wheat-ſheaf Wharf, in the Occupation of Mrs. Whitfeild, No* 4. *Two Meſſuages or Tenements in Ratcliff Narrow Street, in Leaſe to Henry Rogers. And that the ſaid Committee will ſit in the Council Chamber of the Guild-hall, London, on Wedneſday next, the* 23*d of this Inſtant June, at Four of the Clock in the Afternoon, to receive Propoſals for the ſame: Of which further Information and printed Particulars may be had at the Comptroller's Office in the Guildhall aforeſaid. On which ſaid printed Particulars, all Perſons bidding for the above Lotts, are to write their Propoſals.*

The Court of Directors of the Governor and Company of the Bank of England give Notice, That they have elected Richard Handes to be one of their Caſhiers, and appointed him to ſign Bills and Notes for the Governor and Company of the Bank of England.

David Le Groſs, *Secr.*

Royal Exchange Aſſurance Office, June 16, 1742.

The Court of Directors of the Royal Exchange Aſſurance Company, do hereby give Notice, that their Transfer Books will be ſhut from Tueſday the 22*d Day of this Inſtant June, to Thurſday the* 22*d Day of July next; And that a General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at their Office on the Royal Exchange, on Wedneſday the* 30*th Inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, in Order to a Dividend.*

Advertiſements.

Dr. *ANDERSON*'s, or,
The Famous *SCOTS* PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by D. INGLISH, at the Unicorn, over-againſt the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are deſired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes ſealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderſon's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Iſabella Engliſh underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Uſe in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary, and may be taken with Epſom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

Wedneſday the 16th Day of June, in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, 1742, between Mary Webb, Plaintiff, William Overton, Defendant.

UPON the humble Petition of the Plaintiff this Day preferred unto the Right Honourable the Maſter of the Rolls, for the Reaſons therein, and in the Affidavit therein mentioned contained, it is ordered, that the Defendant do appear to the Plaintiff's Bill on or before the twenty fourth Day of July next.

Tueſday the 15th Day of June, in the 16th Year of the Reign of his Majeſty King George the Second, 1742, between John St. John, Eſq; now the Right Hon. John Lord Viſcount St. John, Plaintiff; John Wood, Defendant.

UPON the humble Petition of the Plaintiff this Day preferred unto the Right Hon. the Maſter of the Rolls, for the Reaſons therein, and in the Affidavit therein mentioned, contained, it is ordered, that the ſaid Defendant do appear to the Plaintiff's Bill on or before the 24th Day of July next.

TO be Sold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, A Freehold Farm of Inheritance commonly called Hopton Farm, ſituate lying and being in the Pariſh of Little Creſſingham, in the County of Norfork, and now and for ſome Years paſt in the Occupation of Mr. Pratt as Tenant at Will, conſiſting of a Farm Houſe and convenient Out-houſes, and of a conſiderable Quantity of Meadow, Paſture, and Arable Lands thereunto belonging. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers in Chancery-lane.

TO be ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Samuel Burroughs, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery-Lane, A Freehold Eſtate at Berden in the County of Eſſex, a Copyhold Eſtate at Wanſted in the County of Eſſex, a Dwelling-houſe in Chappell-ſtreet near Bedford Row, and a Pew in St. John's Chapel, Part of the Eſtate of Richard Mead, Eſq; deceaſed. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, Notice is hereby given to the Creditors and Legatees of Richard Culliford, late of Chelſea in the County of Middleſex, Eſq; deceaſed, that they are to come in and prove their Debts, and claim their reſpective Legacies, before Francis Eld, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chamber in Symond's Inn in Chancery-Lane, London, by the laſt Day of this preſent Trinity Term, or that in Default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

TO